

PIANO PIECES GRADE 5

The Jazz Piano and Jazz Ensembles Syllabus sets out in detail the requirements of the exams, especially those for scales, aural tests and the quick study. It also contains the assessment criteria. The syllabus is obtainable from music dealers or from The Associated Board of the Royal Schools of Music, 14 Bedford Square, London WC1B 3JG (please send a stamped addressed C5 envelope).

Scales, Arpeggios and Broken Chords

To be played from memory, straight or swing as directed by the examiner.

SCALES: in similar motion with hands together one octave apart, and with each hand separately, in the following forms:

Dorian on B and F; Mixolydian on E and B \flat ; Lydian on F, C, D and A \flat ; A and E \flat majors (two octaves)

Major pentatonic on D and B \flat ; Minor pentatonic on B and G (two octaves)

Blues scales on A, F \sharp and G (one octave)

CHROMATIC SCALES: in similar motion with hands together one octave apart, and with each hand separately, beginning on any note named by the examiner (two octaves)

ARPEGGIOS: the common chords of E and A \flat majors, F \sharp and F minors, in root position only, in similar motion with hands together one octave apart, and with each hand separately (two octaves)

BROKEN CHORDS: formed from the chords of D7, F7, B \flat 7 and Em7, Bm7, Dm7, with each hand separately, according to the pattern shown in the syllabus.

Three Pieces

One chosen by the candidate from each of the three lists: Blues, Standards and Contemporary Jazz.

HEAD. On the first playing the fully notated head should be closely followed, but it may also be interpreted more flexibly, with variation in details of melody, rhythm, voicing, phrasing, etc., provided the result is coherent, stylish, musical and does not alter the technical level.

SOLO. The guideline right-hand pitches and left-hand part are given solely as a starting-point and to indicate the style. It is expected that candidates will expand upon the given musical materials as their experience allows, also using other pitches, voicings and figurations.

AFTER THE SOLO(s). Everything after the solo(s) may be embellished in a number of ways, from a few simple additions or variations to a more extensive reworking. Exact repetition should be avoided, so as to achieve a more interesting result.

At Grade 1 such embellishment might mean making small melodic or rhythmic changes or varying dynamics or phrasing. At Grade 3 players might change the octaves at which material is played, introduce fills or revoice chords. At Grade 5 harmony may be varied or enriched with extensions, melodic lines may be thickened or ornamented, and rhythms and phrasing reinterpreted. Or none of the above and a completely different set of embellishments! Players have a range of options at all grades and may offer any musical embellishments in keeping with the style.

RELATED LISTENING. Every effort was made to ensure that the CDs listed at the foot of each piece were available at the time of going to press. However, jazz recordings regularly go in and out of print, and if the one cited has now been deleted look for a compilation album by the same artist on the same record label, or buy a related album by the same musician or band.

Quick Study

To play a four-bar passage and improvise a four-bar continuation (see the syllabus for full details). The quick study may be played at sight or by ear.

Aural Tests

See the syllabus for full details of the aural tests for the grade.

The volumes of pieces and scales are published by the Board, together with books of sample quick studies and aural tests and a range of other support materials. Full details are given on the back cover of this volume.

NOTE: the Jazz Piano exams will initially be available only in the UK.

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JAZZ PIANO PIECES GRADE 5

Edited by Charles Beale

Blues

1 MILES DAVIS, arr. Richard Michael	
All Blues	2
2 PETE SABERTON	
Crossover Blues	4
3 NIKKI ILES	
Lemon Cornette	6
4 ROLAND PERRIN	
That Monday Morning Feeling	8
5 BRIAN PRIESTLEY	
Jamming with Jools	10

Standards

1 LEON BERRY, arr. Martin Litton	
Christopher Columbus	13
2 KENNY DORHAM, arr. Eddie Harvey	
Blue Bossa	16
3 SONNY ROLLINS, arr. Phil Peskett	
Oleo	18
4 BILL EVANS, arr. Nikki Iles	
34Skidoo	22
5 BILLY STRAYHORN, arr. Eddie Harvey & Nikki Iles	
Take the 'A' Train	24

Contemporary Jazz

1 RICHARD MICHAEL	
An Oscar for Oscar	27
2 CHRIS BATCHELOR	
So Long	30
3 TERRY SEABROOK	
Mambo Country	32
4 TERRY SEABROOK	
Waltz for Autumn	35
5 CHRIS BATCHELOR	
Chops	38

A CD for Grade 5 is available containing recordings of all the pieces for the grade, together with examples of aural tests, quick studies and scales. Three of the pieces, 'All Blues', 'Take the 'A' Train' and 'An Oscar for Oscar', are also presented on the CD in 'minus one' versions, for you to play along with bass and drums.

ALL BLUES

Miles Davis arr. Richard Michael

Swing $\text{♪} = 116$ Smooth and understated

G7

Sheet music for the first section of "All Blues". The key signature is one sharp (F#). The time signature is 6/8. The tempo is indicated as "Swing ♪ = 116 Smooth and understated". The section starts with a G7 chord. The melody consists of eighth-note patterns. The bass line features eighth-note chords. Measure 5 includes a "con Ped." instruction. Measure 9 starts with a dynamic "pp". Measures 13-16 conclude this section.

HEAD

G7

Continuation of the musical score. The section begins with a G7 chord. The melody and bass line continue with eighth-note patterns. Measure 5 includes a dynamic "p". Measures 9-12 conclude this section.

C7sus

G7

Continuation of the musical score. The section begins with a C7sus chord. The melody and bass line continue with eighth-note patterns. Measures 9-12 conclude this section.

D7#9

E♭7#9

D7#9

G7

to Coda ⊕

Continuation of the musical score. The section begins with a D7#9 chord. It then moves to an E♭7#9 chord, followed by another D7#9 chord, and finally a G7 chord. The bass line continues with eighth-note patterns. Measures 13-16 conclude this section, leading to the Coda.

P

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SOLOS

G7

17

P Ped. simile

C7sus

G7

21

D7#9

Eb7#9

D7#9

G7

D.8 al Coda
Solo 12 bars in exam

25

CODA

G7

repeat ad lib. to fade to nothing
(approx. 8 bars in exam)

29

pp dim.

• NOTES: Also try improvising using the blues scale on G. Play the semiquavers with a slight triplet feel.

• RELATED LISTENING: Miles Davis: 'All Blues' from Kind of Blue [Columbia]

CROSSOVER BLUES

Pete Saberton

Straight 8s ♩ = 120 With intensity

HEAD

Musical score for piano, page 10, measures 2-5. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef and has a key signature of one sharp. Measure 2 starts with a C7 chord (root position). Measure 3 begins with a bass note (B) followed by a melodic line. Measure 4 starts with a bass note (A) followed by a melodic line. Measure 5 starts with a bass note (G) followed by a melodic line. The bottom staff is in bass clef and has a key signature of one sharp. Measures 2-5 show a harmonic progression: 4/4 (B), 3/4 (A), 4/4 (G). The tempo is marked as *mf*.

The image shows two measures of piano sheet music. The key signature is F major (one sharp). The first measure starts with a F major chord (F-A-C) followed by an F7sus chord (F-A-C-E). The second measure continues with an F7sus chord. The bass line consists of eighth-note patterns. Measure numbers 1 and 5 are indicated above the staves.

C7

G7sus

to Coda +

SOLOS

C7

17

F7

21

C7

G7

25

D.C. al Coda

Solo 32 bars in exam

F7

C7

G7

29

 CODA

F7sus

C♯⁰/D

D7sus⁹/G/D

C7sus

33

cresc.

f

• RELATED LISTENING: Soft Machine: Alive and Well [See for Miles]

LEMON CORNETTE

Nikki Iles

Medium Swing $\text{♩} = 144$ Joyful

HEAD

to Coda ♪

SOLOS

Cm7 F7 Bb7 B°

F7 D7 Gm7

C7 F7 D7

D. § al Coda

1 (2 etc.) Solo 36 bars in exam last time only

Gm7 C7 Gm7 C7

⊕ CODA

Gm7 C#m7 F#7 Am7 D7 G7 C7 F

• NOTES: Also try improvising using the blues scale on F.

• RELATED LISTENING: Pat Metheny: 'Blues for Pat' from Rejoicing [ECM]

THAT MONDAY MORNING FEELING

Roland Perrin

Swing $\text{♩} = 92$ Stoical

HEAD

to Coda ♫

JAMMING WITH JOOLS

Brian Priestley

Heavy Swing ♩ = 112(minimum) **Rumbustious**

HEAD

G7

D7

HEAD

2nd time 8va

G7

accents sim.

2nd time 8va

accents sim.

2nd time 8va

C7

G7

last time to Coda ♫

2nd time 8va

E7

D7

C7

G loco C7 C \sharp o

13

1 G/D D7 2 G/D D7

SOLOS

G7 C7 G7

15

C7 G7

18

E7 A7 C7

22

G7 D7 G7 C7

25

G7

29

G7

33

D. Solo Coda
Solo 24 bars in exam

C7

36

G7

38

D7

40

CODA

G *rall.* *loco*

39

G/D

40

• NOTES: Also try improvising using the blues scale on G.

• RELATED LISTENING: Meade Lux Lewis: 'Honky Tonk Train Blues' from Meade Lux Lewis 1927-1939 [Classics]

CHRISTOPHER COLUMBUS

Leon Berry arr. Martin Litton

Medium Swing $\text{♩} = 80$ Bright

HEAD

Music for the Head section. The key signature is one flat. The melody consists of two staves. The first staff starts with a B♭ note, followed by a melodic line with grace notes and slurs. The second staff begins with a C note. The chords indicated are B♭, E♭, E°, B♭/F, Cm7, and F7. Measure numbers 1 through 5 are marked below the staves.

Continuation of the Head section. The key signature remains one flat. The melody continues with a B♭ note, followed by a melodic line with grace notes and slurs. The chords indicated are B♭, E♭, E°, B♭/F, and G7. Measure numbers 1 through 5 are marked below the staves.

Continuation of the Head section. The key signature changes to one flat. The melody consists of two staves. The first staff starts with a B♭ note, followed by a melodic line with grace notes and slurs. The second staff begins with a C note. The chords indicated are C7, F7, B♭6, D7, and G7. Measure numbers 1 through 5 are marked below the staves.

Continuation of the Head section. The key signature changes to one flat. The melody consists of two staves. The first staff starts with a B♭ note, followed by a melodic line with grace notes and slurs. The second staff begins with a C note. The chords indicated are C7 and F7. Measure numbers 1 through 5 are marked below the staves.

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B_b E_b E^o B_b/F Cm7 F7

Fine

B_b E_b E^o B_b/F C7 F7 B_b6

BRIDGE

B_b/F E^o/F 4 3 2 F7 B_b/F E^o/F F7 B_b/F E^o/F

SOLOS

F7 B_b/F E^o/F B_b/F F7 B_b/F B_b6

Cm7 F7 B_b6 Cm7 F7 B_b7

E_b7 1 B_b6 Cm7 F7

2
B_b6

39b

G7

42

F7

46

Cm7 F7 B_b6 Cm7 F7 B_b7

50

E_b7 B_b6 Cm7 F7

54

D.C. al Fine
Solo 32 bars in exam

• RELATED LISTENING: Teddy Wilson and his Orchestra: "Christopher Columbus" from *Warmin' Up* [Hep Jazz]

BLUE BOSSA

Kenny Dorham arr. Eddie Harvey

Straight 8s Bossa $\text{J} = 168$ Driving

HEAD

Cm7

f

2nd time

mf

accents sim.

Fm7

D∅

G7

Cm7

Ebm7

Ab7

DbΔ

3

D∅

G7

Cm7

Db7#11

to Coda \oplus

19

D \emptyset G7 Cm7

23

Ebm7 Ab7 DbΔ

27

D \emptyset G7 Cm7 Db7 $\#$ 11 Solo 32 bars in exam

31

Θ CODA

35

rall.

39 cresc.

- NOTES: Also try improvising using the minor pentatonic on C.

- RELATED LISTENING: Michel Camilo: 'Blue Bossa' from *Michel Camilo [Portrait]*

OLEO

Sonny Rollins arr. Phil Peskett

Straight 8s $\text{♩} = 92$ Light

HEAD

B♭/D

E♭/G

F7sus

E♭Δ

B♭/D

E♭Δ

C/E

F7sus

G7sus

A♭

13 cresc.

f

21

mf

f

p

B_b/D E_bΔ

25 *mf*

to Coda +

C/E F7sus G7sus A♭

29 cresc.

f

20

SOLOS

B_b/DE_bΔ

33

34

E_b/GB_b/FE_bΔ

37

38

B_b/DE_bΔ

41

42

C/E

F7sus

G7sus

45

46

A_b

D7sus

G7sus

48

49

A musical score for guitar in G major (one flat) and common time. The score consists of two measures. Measure 1 starts with a C7sus chord (root position) indicated by a Roman numeral I above the staff. The melody is a sixteenth-note scale run starting on the 5th fret of the 6th string. Measure 2 starts with an F7sus chord (root position) indicated by a Roman numeral IV above the staff. The melody continues as a sixteenth-note scale run starting on the 5th fret of the 6th string. The bass line provides harmonic support with sustained notes and eighth-note patterns. The key signature is one flat, and the time signature is common time. Measure numbers 52 are written above the staff.

Musical score for piano showing measures 56-57. The left hand plays a melodic line in E♭Δ, and the right hand provides harmonic support in B♭/D. Measure 56 starts with a bass note followed by eighth-note chords. Measure 57 continues the melodic line with eighth-note chords.

A musical score page featuring two staves. The top staff is in E♭Δ tuning (E♭, A, C) and the bottom staff is in C/E tuning (C, E). Both staves show melodic patterns with grace notes and slurs. Measure 59 starts with a melodic line in E♭Δ, followed by a rest, and then continues in C/E.

The musical score shows a coda section starting at measure 65. The key signature is B-flat major (two flats). The score consists of two staves: treble and bass. The treble staff has a dynamic marking of *f*. The bass staff has a dynamic marking of *p*. The score includes labels for chords: F7sus, G7sus, and Ab. The bass staff features sustained notes and rests. The right hand of the piano part is shown in a melodic line. The score concludes with a dynamic marking of *8va*.

- RELATED LISTENING: Sonny Rollins: 'Oleo' from Saxophone Colossus [Original Jazz Classics]

34SKIDOO

Bill Evans arr. Nikki Iles

Medium Swing $\text{♩} = 104$ Smooth and lyrical – Jazz Waltz

HEAD

Dm7

B \emptyset

E7

Am7

3
4

mp

5
con Ped.

1

Bbm7 A \flat
Abm7 G \emptyset

C7+

Fm7

5

F#m7

E \flat \emptyset

A \flat 7+

C#m7

9

SOLOS

CΔ/B

B7

Em9/B

G9/B

Solo 24 bars in exam

13

HEAD continues

A musical score for piano or keyboard. The top staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. The first measure is labeled "Am7" above the staff, with a dynamic of *mf* below it. The second measure is labeled "F#m7" above the staff. The third measure is labeled "B7+" above the staff. The bass staff shows a bass clef and a common time signature. Measure 17 starts with a bass note on the fourth line, followed by a dotted half note on the fifth line. Measures 18 and 19 show the continuation of the bass line.

Handwritten musical score for piano. The score consists of two staves. The top staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. It features four chords: Em7, Cm7, Bbm7, and Am7. The bottom staff shows a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. The score includes dynamic markings like 'poco f' and performance instructions like 'up' and 'down' arrows above the notes.

Musical score for piano showing chords D7+, Gm7, Ebm7, and Cø over a bass line. The score includes two staves: treble and bass. The treble staff has a key signature of one flat (B-flat). The bass staff has a key signature of one sharp (F-sharp). Measure 23 starts with a D7+ chord. The melody consists of eighth-note patterns. The bass line provides harmonic support with sustained notes and eighth-note patterns. The score ends with a Cø chord.

Musical score for piano, page 27, measures 27-30. The score consists of two staves. The top staff shows a melodic line with various note heads and rests, including eighth and sixteenth notes, and rests. The bottom staff shows harmonic bass notes. The key signature changes from F#7+ to Bbm7, then to Em9, and finally to Ebm9. The dynamic markings include **rall.**, **p**, and **b.g.**. Measure 27 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 28 begins with a half note followed by a rest. Measure 29 starts with a half note followed by a rest. Measure 30 starts with a half note followed by a rest.

- NOTES: Try varying major and minor 2nds, 3rds and 6ths over the B pedal in your solo.

- RELATED LISTENING: Bill Evans: '34 Skidoo' from *Re: Person I Knew* [Original Jazz Classics]

TAKE THE 'A' TRAIN

Billy Strayhorn arr. Eddie Harvey & Nikki Iles

Medium Swing $\text{♩} = 152$ In a solid 4 feel

HEAD

S

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Musical score for piano showing measures 19-23. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is treble clef and the bottom staff is bass clef. Measure 19 starts with G7sus, followed by G7b913, CΔ, and D7#11. Measure 20 begins with a forte dynamic (f). Measure 21 shows a bass line with eighth-note patterns. Measure 22 concludes with a piano dynamic (P).

24

Dm7 Ab7 G7

to Coda \odot

C Δ

A7

D7

G7

SOLOS

The image shows a musical score for piano and bass. The top staff is a treble clef piano part, and the bottom staff is a bass clef bassoon part. Measure C6 starts with a piano dynamic and a bassoon eighth note. Measure D7 starts with a piano dynamic and a bassoon eighth note.

Musical score showing a melodic line over a bass line. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is a treble clef staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The bottom staff is a bass clef staff with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The music is in 32nd note time. The melody starts with eighth notes on the first beat of the first measure. The bass line consists of eighth notes on the first beat of each measure. Measures 1-3 are labeled Dm7, and measures 4-5 are labeled G7.

1 C6 A7 D7 G7 | 2 C6 C7

35

F6

D7

Dm7

G7

C6

D7

D.S. al Coda
Solo 32 bars in exam

Dm7

G7

C

Gm7

C7

CODA

C F/A Ab7 G7 C C7#9 C7#11

• NOTES: The scale indicated in bars 31 and 47 is called Lydian dominant on D, and contains the #4 and b7 together, reflecting the melody at this point.

• RELATED LISTENING: Duke Ellington and his Orchestra: 'Take the 'A' Train' from The Popular Duke Ellington [RCA Victor]

AN OSCAR FOR OSCAR

Richard Michael

Swing ♩ = 184 (minimum) **Bright**

HEAD

4/4 time signature, treble and bass staves. Dynamics: **f**. Fingerings: 3 1 2 under the bass staff, 2 under the first measure of the treble staff, 3 > under the second measure of the treble staff, > under the third measure of the treble staff.

6

C C/E F7 G7

p

Dynamics: **p**. Fingerings: > under the bass staff, > under the first measure of the treble staff, > under the second measure of the treble staff, > under the third measure of the treble staff, > under the bass staff, > under the first measure of the treble staff, > under the second measure of the treble staff.

11

C C/E F7 G7 C C/E F7 F♯° C

Fingerings: > under the bass staff, > under the first measure of the treble staff, > under the second measure of the treble staff, > under the third measure of the treble staff, > under the bass staff, > under the first measure of the treble staff, > under the second measure of the treble staff, > under the bass staff, > under the first measure of the treble staff, > under the second measure of the treble staff.

16

Gm7 C7 FΔ

mf

3 3 3 3 2 1 4 5 2

5 2

Fingerings: > under the bass staff, > under the first measure of the treble staff, > under the second measure of the treble staff, > under the third measure of the treble staff, > under the fourth measure of the treble staff, > under the fifth measure of the treble staff, > under the sixth measure of the treble staff, > under the seventh measure of the treble staff, > under the eighth measure of the treble staff, > under the ninth measure of the treble staff, > under the tenth measure of the treble staff, > under the eleventh measure of the treble staff, > under the twelfth measure of the treble staff.

Musical score for piano showing measures 3-8. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is treble clef and the bottom staff is bass clef. Measure 3 starts with Am7, followed by a melodic line with grace notes and a dynamic of *f*. Measure 4 starts with D7, featuring three eighth-note chords. Measure 5 starts with G, followed by Am7. Measure 6 starts with B♭^o, followed by G/B. Measures 7 and 8 are continuations of the harmonic progression.

A musical score for piano, page 25, featuring a treble clef staff and a bass clef staff. The top staff shows a melodic line with various note heads and stems, accompanied by harmonic chords indicated above the staff: C, C/E, F7, G7, C, C/E, F7, G7. The bottom staff shows a bass line with notes primarily on the fourth and fifth beats of each measure. Measure numbers 25 are present on both staves.

Musical score for piano, measures 29-30:

- Measure 29:
 - Top staff: Chords C, C/E, F7, F \sharp ^o, C.
 - Bottom staff: Bass notes: G, E, D, A, G.
- Measure 30:
 - Top staff: Section "to Coda +" with a fermata.
 - Bottom staff: Bass note: G.

Musical score for piano solo. The top staff shows a melodic line with a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a time signature of 3/8. The bottom staff shows a harmonic bass line with a bass clef and a time signature of 2/4. The score includes a box labeled "SOLOS" and a measure number 33. The harmonic progression is as follows:

C	C/E	F7	G7	C	C/E	F7	G7	C	C/E	F7	F#°
---	-----	----	----	---	-----	----	----	---	-----	----	-----

Musical score for guitar, measures 39-40. The score consists of two staves. The top staff shows chords G7, C, C/E, F7, G7, C, C/E, F7, G7. The bottom staff shows bass notes corresponding to the chords. Measure 39 starts with a bass note on the A string. Measure 40 starts with a bass note on the D string.

C C/E F7 F[#] G7 Gm7

C7 FΔ Am7

D7 G7 C C/E F7 G7

D.C. al Coda
Solo 32 bars in exam

C C/E F7 G7 C C/E F7 F[#] G7 C

CODA

• RELATED LISTENING: Oscar Peterson: 'Hallelujah Time' from *Hallelujah Time* [Moon Records]

SO LONG

Chris Batchelor

Straight 8s $\text{♩} = 116$ Jazz Waltz - lyrical

HEAD

S B \emptyset

Bbm7

Am7

D7

Ebm7

mf *espress.* (mf) con Ped. (RH) P

A \flat 7

D \flat Δ

G7

G \flat Δ

C7sus C7

Fm11

B \flat 7

to Coda \oplus

1 Eb7sus Eb7 C7sus C7

2 Eb7sus Eb7 D7sus D7

C \sharp \emptyset

Cm7

Bm7

E7

B \flat 7sus

Eb7

A \flat Δ

D7

D \flat Δ

p cresc. f mf

G7sus G7 C7sus Cm7 F7 B_b7sus B_b7 C7sus C7

SOLOS

B_b7sus B_b7 C7sus C7

*Solo 24 bars in exam
(repeat ad lib.)*

HEAD continues

B_b7sus C7sus C7 D.S. al Coda

mp

CODA

E_b7sus A/E_b F7sus

mp

molto rit.

B/F E_b7sus A/E_b F7sus B/F

dim.

pp

• RELATED LISTENING: The Bill Evans Trio: At the Village Vanguard [Riverside]

MAMBO COUNTRY

Terry Seabrook

Straight 8s $\text{d} = 84$ Cuban style

HEAD

Sheet music for the 'HEAD' section of 'MAMBO COUNTRY'. The music is in common time (indicated by 'C') and has a key signature of one sharp (indicated by a sharp sign). The tempo is straight 8s, with $\text{d} = 84$. The style is Cuban. The section is titled 'HEAD'. The melody is played on the treble clef staff, and the bass line is on the bass clef staff. Chords labeled include F/G, G, and G. Dynamics 'mf' and 'f' are indicated.

Sheet music for the next section of 'MAMBO COUNTRY'. The music is in common time (indicated by 'C') and has a key signature of one sharp (indicated by a sharp sign). The section continues from the 'HEAD' section. The melody is played on the treble clef staff, and the bass line is on the bass clef staff. Chords labeled include F/G, G, F/G, G, F/G, G, and C7sus. Dynamics 'mf', 'p', 'f', and 'P' are indicated.

Sheet music for the next section of 'MAMBO COUNTRY'. The music is in common time (indicated by 'C') and has a key signature of one sharp (indicated by a sharp sign). The section continues from the previous section. The melody is played on the treble clef staff, and the bass line is on the bass clef staff. Chords labeled include C7, G7sus, and G7sus. Dynamics 'p' and 'mp' are indicated.

Sheet music for the final section of 'MAMBO COUNTRY'. The music is in common time (indicated by 'C') and has a key signature of one sharp (indicated by a sharp sign). The section continues from the previous section. The melody is played on the treble clef staff, and the bass line is on the bass clef staff. Chords labeled include EbΔ, BbΔ, C7sus, and C7. Dynamics 'mp' and '4' are indicated.

21 *cresc.*

E♭Δ **F** **A♭Δ**

mf

Fill

last time to Coda

P

SOLOS

G7sus

G7

G7sus

G7

C7sus

C7

G7sus

G7

E♭Δ

B♭Δ

C7sus EbΔ

⊕ CODA

49 *p*

E_bΔ F C7sus C7 *mf cresc.*

RELATED LISTENING: Dizzy Gillespie: "Wantico" from *Dizzy Gillespie & his Big Band in Concert* [MPC Crescendo]

WALTZ FOR AUTUMN

Terry Seabrook

Straight 8s $\text{♩} = 144$ Dance

Cm7

3 1
p

5

f

HEAD

5

(RH)

9

(et sim.)

Ped. simile

9

(et sim.)

14

dim.

C7

Fm7

mf

P

Ped. simile

14

dim.

15

p

Ped. simile

$A\flat\Delta$ $Fm7$ $D\flat\Delta$

19

mp

P *Ped. simile*

$B\flat7sus$ $A\flat\Delta$ $Fm7$ $D\flat\Delta$ **G7 to Coda** \oplus

24

mf *cresc.*

2 *4*

freely

$Cm7$

29

p dim.

P

SOLOS (*Swing or straight 8s feel*)

$Cm7$ $Dm7$

33

$Cm7$ $C7$ $Fm7$

37

Gm7

Dm7

A♭Δ

G7

Cm7

G7

D.C. al Coda
Solo 24 bars in exam

CODA

Cm7

p dim.

P

poco rit.

8va

pp

Ped. simile

• NOTES: Also try improvising using the blues scale on C and, in the Dm7 bars, Dorian on D. The scale in bars 51 and 55 is a scale of 'G altered'.

• RELATED LISTENING: Bill Evans: "B minor Waltz" from You must believe in Spring [Warner]

CHOPS

Chris Batchelor

Straight 8s $\text{♩} = 72$ Nice and easy

HEAD

C7 Dm C C7

f

Swing

Dm C C Dm

mf

sim.

C
(*loco*)

Dm

C

13

(RH)

1
Dm

8va

2
Dm

f

Fo

18

SOLOS

Am7

D7^{#11}

Musical score for solo Am7 and D7^{#11} chords. The top staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. The bottom staff shows a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. The score consists of four measures. The first measure contains a single note on the Am7 chord. The second measure contains a six-note scale run on the D7^{#11} chord. The third measure contains a single note on the Am7 chord. The fourth measure contains a six-note scale run on the D7^{#11} chord.

Am7

D7^{#11}

Musical score for solo Am7 and D7^{#11} chords. The top staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. The bottom staff shows a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. The score consists of four measures. The first measure contains a single note on the Am7 chord. The second measure contains a six-note scale run on the D7^{#11} chord. The third measure contains a single note on the Am7 chord. The fourth measure contains a six-note scale run on the D7^{#11} chord.

G7sus

G7

Musical score for solo G7sus and G7 chords. The top staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. The bottom staff shows a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. The score consists of four measures. The first measure contains a six-note scale run on the G7sus chord. The second measure contains a six-note scale run on the G7 chord. The third measure contains a six-note scale run on the G7sus chord. The fourth measure contains a six-note scale run on the G7 chord.

Play 4 times

C

1, 2, 3

4

Solo 28 bars in exam

Dm

Dm



Musical score for solo section starting at measure 33. The top staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. The bottom staff shows a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp (F#), and a common time signature. The score consists of four measures. The first measure contains a six-note scale run on the C chord. The second measure contains a six-note scale run on the Dm chord. The third measure contains a six-note scale run on the Dm chord. The fourth measure contains a six-note scale run on the Dm chord followed by a melodic line with fingerings F1, F2, F3, F4, F5, F6.

INTERLUDE

Am7

2 1

D7^{#11}

1

Am7

37

Sheet music for guitar, measures 42-43. The top staff shows a treble clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a time signature of 11/8. The first measure contains two eighth-note chords labeled '1' and '2'. The second measure contains two eighth-note chords labeled '1' and '2'. The third measure contains four sixteenth-note chords labeled '1', '2', '3', and '4'. The fourth measure contains a single eighth-note chord. The bottom staff shows a bass clef, a key signature of one sharp, and a time signature of 11/8. It features eighth-note chords throughout.

HEAD continues

Straight 8s

Musical score for piano, page 2. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is in treble clef, and the bottom staff is in bass clef. Measure 46 starts with a forte dynamic. Measure 47 begins with a G7 chord, followed by a C7 chord. The bass line features eighth-note patterns throughout both measures. Articulation marks include a fermata over the first note of the treble staff in measure 46, a dynamic marking 'sub. p' (soft) over the bass staff in measure 47, and a dynamic marking 'cresc.' (crescendo) over the bass staff in measure 47.

Musical score for piano showing measures 51-54. The score consists of two staves. The top staff is treble clef and the bottom staff is bass clef. Measure 51 starts with a Dm chord (B, D, F#) followed by a C major chord (E, G, B). Measure 52 begins with a C7 chord (G, B, D, F#) followed by a ritardando (rit.) and a Dm chord. Measure 53 concludes with a C major chord. Measure 54 ends with a C major chord.

- RELATED LISTENING: Various artists: Intensified Original Ska [Mango]

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